

Ejercicios de M.R.V.A

(del 1-5 están resueltos en clase)

6)

$$S_0 = 120 \text{ km} = 120\,000 \text{ m}$$

$$a = 3 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$V_f = 150 \text{ km/h} = 41\overline{6}7 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_0 = ?$$

$$S_f = ?$$

$$t = 2 \text{ h } 45' = 28\,300 \text{ s}$$

$$V_f = V_0 + a \cdot t$$

$$41\overline{6}7 = V_0 + 3 \cdot (28\,300)$$

$$V_0 = -72\,858.33 \text{ m/s}$$

$$S_f = S_0 + V_0 \cdot t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$S_f = 120\,000 + (-72\,858.33) \cdot (28\,300) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3 \cdot (28\,300)^2$$

$$S_f = -884602419 \text{ m}$$

7)

$$V_0 = 20 \text{ m/s}$$

$$t = 5 \text{ s}$$

$$V_f = 25 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = ?$$

$$V_f = V_0 + a \cdot t$$

$$25 = 20 + a \cdot 5$$

$$5 = 5a$$

$$a = \underline{\underline{1 \text{ m/s}^2}}$$

8)

$$t = 10 \text{ (s)}$$

$$V_0 = 0 \text{ (m/s)}$$

$$V_f = 25 \text{ (m/s)}$$

$$a = ?$$

$$S_f = ?$$

$$S_0 = 0 \text{ m}$$

$$V_f = V_0 + a \cdot t$$

$$25 = 0 + a \cdot 10$$

$$a = \underline{\underline{2.5 \text{ m/s}^2}}$$

$$S_f = S_0 + V_0 \cdot t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$S_f = 0 + 0 \cdot 10 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2.5 \cdot 10^2$$

$$S_f = 0 + 0 + 125 = \underline{\underline{125 \text{ m}}}$$

9)

$$V_0 = 30 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_f = 20 \text{ m/s}$$

$$t = 5 \text{ s}$$

$$S_f = ?$$

$$a = ?$$

$$V_f = V_0 + a \cdot t$$

$$20 = 30 + a \cdot 5$$

$$-10 = 5a$$

$$a = \underline{\underline{-2 \text{ m/s}^2}}$$

$$S_f = S_0 + V_0 \cdot t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$S_f = 0 + 30 \cdot 5 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot (-2) \cdot 5^2$$

$$S_f = 150 - 25$$

$$S_f = \underline{\underline{125 \text{ m}}}$$

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$$V_f = 144 \text{ Km/h} = 40 \text{ m/s}$$

$$S_0 = 0 \text{ m}$$

$$V_0 = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$S_f = 1000 \text{ m}$$

$$V_f = V_0 + a \cdot t$$

$$* 40 = 0 + a \cdot t \quad (1^{\circ} \text{ ecuación})$$

$$S_f = S_0 + V_0 \cdot t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$1000 = 0 + 0 \cdot t + \frac{1}{2} a \cdot t^2$$

$$* 1000 = 0.5 \cdot a \cdot t^2 \quad (2^{\circ} \text{ ecuación})$$

Hay que resolver el sistema de ecuaciones

$$b) \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} 40 = a \cdot t \\ 1000 = 0.5 \cdot a \cdot t^2 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} a = \frac{40}{t} \\ 1000 = 0.5 \cdot \left(\frac{40}{t}\right) \cdot t^2 \\ 1000 = 20 \cdot t \end{array}$$

$$t = 50 \text{ s}$$

$$a) \quad \text{luego } a = \frac{40}{50} = \underline{\underline{0.8 \text{ m/s}^2}}$$

$$c) \quad t = 49 \text{ s}$$

$$S_f = S_0 + V_0 \cdot t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$S_f = 0 + 0 \cdot 49 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0.8 \cdot (49)^2$$

$$S_f = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0.8 \cdot (49)^2 = 960.4 \text{ m} \quad \text{distancia recorrida en 49 segundos}$$

$$1000 - 960.4 = \underline{\underline{39.6 \text{ m}}}$$

↳ distancia recorrida en el segundo 50.

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Coché → m.r.v

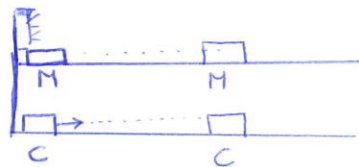
$$v = 25 \text{ m/s}$$

Moto → m.r.v.a

$$V_0 = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_f = ?$$

$$a = 4 \text{ m/s}^2$$



$$S_{\text{coche}} = S_{\text{moto}}$$

$$S_{\text{coche}} = S_0 \text{ coche} + V_{\text{coche}} \cdot t$$

$$S_c = 0 + 25 \cdot t \quad *1^{\circ} \text{ ecuación}$$